UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

FOR THE \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ DISTRICT OF WISCONSIN

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

In re:

 Daniel Detter, Case No. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 *[add akas if there are any]*

 Debtor in possession. Chapter 11, subchapter V

Address: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Last four digits of Social Security No. or Individual Taxpayer Identification (TIN): \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Employer Tax-Identification (EIN) No(s).: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**PLAN OF REORGANIZATION, DATED [Insert Date]**

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

*[This plan form is for a small business debtor under Subchapter V. Section 1190 requires that the plan include “(A) a brief history of the debtor’s business operations; (B) a liquidation analysis; and (C) projections with respect to the debtor’s ability to make payments under the proposed plan of reorganization.”]*

**Background for Cases Filed Under Subchapter V**

**A. Description and History of the Debtor’s Business**

The Debtor is a[n] [individual, corporation, partnership, etc.]. Since [insert year operations commenced], the Debtor has been in the business of .

[*Describe the Debtor’s business or income sources. If the Debtor is not an individual, address the disclosures required by §1129(a)(5).*]

 **B. Liquidation Analysis**

To confirm the Plan, the Court must find that all creditors and equity interest holders who do not accept the Plan will receive at least as much under the Plan as such claim and equity-interest holders would receive in a chapter 7 liquidation. The liquidation analysis required by 11 U.S.C. §1190 is attached to the Plan as Exhibit 1.

**C. Ability to Make Future Plan Payments and Operate Without Further Reorganization**

The Plan Proponent must also show that it will have enough cash over the life of the Plan to make the required Plan payments and operate the debtor’s business, and the Plan must provide projections that support the Debtor’s ability to make all payments required by the Plan. See 11 U.S.C. §1190.

The Plan Proponent has provided projected financial information as Exhibit 2.

The Plan Proponent’s financial projections show that the Debtor will have projected disposable income (as defined by § 1191(d) of the Bankruptcy Code) for the period described in § 1191(c)(2) of $ .

The final Plan payment is expected to be paid on .

[Summarize the numerical projections and highlight any assumptions that are not in accord with past experience. Explain why such assumptions should now be made.]

***You should consult with your accountant or other financial advisor if you have any questions pertaining to these projections.***

**Article 1: Summary**

This Plan of Reorganization (the “Plan”) under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code (the “Code”) proposes to pay creditors of [insert name of the Debtor] (the “Debtor”) from [Specify sources of payment, such as an infusion of capital, loan proceeds, sale of assets, cash flow from operations, or future income].

This Plan provides for:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| [ ] | classes of priority claims; |
| [ ] | classes of secured claims; |
| [ ] | classes of non-priority unsecured claims; and |
| [ ] | classes of equity security holders. |

**Payment of non-priority unsecured claims.** Non-priority unsecured creditors holding allowed claims will receive distributions, which the proponent of this Plan has valued at approximately cents on the dollar.

**Payment of administrative expenses and priority claims:** This Plan provides for full payment of administrative expenses and priority claims.

All creditors and equity security holders should refer to Articles 3 through 6 of this Plan for information regarding the precise treatment of their claim.

***Your rights may be affected. You should read these papers carefully and discuss them with your attorney, if you have one. (If you do not have an attorney, you may wish to consult one.)***

**Article 2: Classification of Claims and Interests**

**2.01: Class 1**. All allowed claims entitled to priority under § 507(a) of the Code (except administrative expenses under § 507(a)(2), [“gap” period claims in an involuntary case under § 507(a)(3),] and priority tax claims under § 507(a)(8)).

 [Add classes of priority claims, if applicable.]

 **2.02: Class 2**. The claim of , to the extent allowed as a secured claim under § 506 of the Code.

 [Add other classes of secured creditors, if any. *Note*: Section 1129(a)(9)(D) of the Code provides that a secured tax claim that would otherwise meet the description of a priority tax claim under § 507(a)(8) of the Code is to be paid in the same manner and over the same period as prescribed in § 507(a)(8).]

 **2.03: Class 3.** All non-priority unsecured claims allowed under § 502 of the Code.

 [Add classes of unsecured claims, if any.]

**2.04: Class 4.** Equity interests of the Debtor. [Note: If the Debtor is an individual, change this heading to “*The interests of the individual Debtor in property of the estate*.”]

**Article 3: Treatment of Administrative Expenses, Priority Tax Claims, and Quarterly and Court Fees**

**3.01: Unclassified claims.** Under section § 1123(a)(1), allowed administrative expenses, [“gap” period claims in an involuntary case allowed under § 502(f) of the code,] and priority tax claims are not in classes.

**3.02: Administrative expenses.** Administrative expenses allowed under § 503 of the Code, [and a “gap” claim in an involuntary case allowed under § 502(f) of the Code,] will be paid in full on the effective date of this Plan, in cash, or upon such other terms as may be agreed upon by the holder of the claim and the Debtor.

[OR]

Administrative expenses allowed under § 503 of the Code [and a “gap” claim in an involuntary case allowed under § 502(f) of the Code,] will be paid \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ [specify terms of treatment, including the form, amount, and timing of distribution, consistent with section 1191(e) of the Code].

[*Note: the second option is appropriate only in a subparagraph V plan that is confirmed non-consensually under section 1191(b).*]

**3.03: Priority tax claims.** Each holder of an allowed priority tax claim will be paid \_\_\_\_\_\_ [specify terms of treatment consistent with § 1129(a)(9)(C) of the Code].

**3.04: Statutory fees.** All unpaid fees required to be paid under 28 U.S.C. § 1930 that are owed on or before the effective date of this Plan will be paid on or before the effective date.

**3.05: Prospective quarterly fees.** All quarterly fees required to be paid under 28 U.S.C. § 1930(a)(6) or (a)(7) will accrue and be timely paid until the case is closed, dismissed, or converted to another chapter of the Code.

**Article 4: Treatment of Claims and Interests Under the Plan**

**4.01: Claims and interests are treated as follows under this Plan:**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Class** | **Impairment** | **Treatment** |
| Class 1 – **Priority claims** excluding those in Article 3 | [ ]  Impaired[ ]  Unimpaired | [Insert treatment of priority claims in this Class, including the form, amount, and timing of distribution, if any.For example: “Class 1 is unimpaired by this Plan, and each holder of a Class 1 Priority Claim will be paid in full, in cash, upon the later of the effective date of this Plan, or the date on which such claim is allowed by a final non-appealable order. Except: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”][Add classes of priority claims if applicable and state for each whether the class is impaired or unimpaired] |
| Class 2 – **Secured claim** of [Insert name of secured creditor] | [ ]  Impaired[ ]  Unimpaired | [Insert treatment of secured claim in this Class, including the form, amount, and timing of distribution, if any.][Add classes of secured claims if applicable and state for each whether the class is impaired or unimpaired] |
| Class 3 – **Non-priority unsecured creditors** | [ ]  Impaired[ ]  Unimpaired | [Insert treatment of unsecured creditors in this Class, including the form, amount, and timing of distribution, if any][Add administrative convenience or other classes if applicable and state for each whether the class is impaired or unimpaired.] |
| Class 4 – **Equity security holders of the Debtor**[If the debtor is an individual, change class description to “Debtor’s ownership interest in estate property”] | [ ]  Impaired[ ]  Unimpaired | [Insert treatment of equity security holders in this Class, including the form, amount, and timing of distribution, if any; OR if the debtor is an individual, insert description of retention of estate property.] |

**Article 5: Allowance and Disallowance of Claims**

**5.01: Disputed claim.** A *disputed claim* is a claim that has not been allowed or disallowed and as to which either:

1. A proof of claim has been filed or deemed filed, and the Debtor or another party in interest has filed an objection; or
2. No proof of claim has been filed, and the Debtor has scheduled such claim as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated.

**5.02: Delay of distribution on a disputed claim.** No distribution will be made on account of a disputed claim unless and until it is allowed.

**5.03: Settlement of disputed claims.** The Debtor will have the power and authority to settle and compromise a disputed claim with court approval and compliance with Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 9019.

**Article 6: Provisions for Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases**

1. The Debtor assumes, and if applicable assigns, the following executory contracts and unexpired leases as of the effective date of the Plan:

[List assumed, or if applicable assigned, executory contracts and unexpired leases.]

1. Except for executory contracts and unexpired leases that have been assumed, and if applicable assigned, either before the effective date or under section 6(a) of this Plan, or that are the subject of a pending motion to assume, and if applicable assign, the Debtor will be conclusively deemed to have rejected all executory contracts and unexpired leases as of the effective date.

A proof of a claim arising from the rejection of an executory contract or unexpired lease under this section must be filed no later than days after the date on which the court enters the order confirming this Plan.

**Article 7: Means for Implementation of the Plan**

[Insert here provisions regarding how the plan will be implemented as required under § 1123(a)(5) of the Code. For example, provisions may include those that set out how the plan will be funded, including any claims reserve to be established in connection with the plan, as well as who will be serving as directors, officers, or voting trustees of the reorganized Debtor.]

**Article 8: General Provisions**

**8.01: Definitions and rules of construction.** The definitions and rules of construction set forth in §§ 101 and 102 of the Code shall apply when terms defined or construed in the Code are used in this Plan[, and they are supplemented by the following definitions:

Insert additional definitions if necessary].

**8.02: Effective date.** The effective date of this Plan is the day that is 14 days after the entry of the confirmation order. If, however, a stay of the confirmation order is in effect on that date, the effective date will be the day after the date on which the stay expires or is otherwise terminated. These periods are calculated as provided in Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 9006(a)(1).

**8.03: Binding effect.** The rights and obligations of any entity named or referred to in this Plan will be binding upon and will inure to the benefit of the successors or assigns of such entity.

**8.04: Captions.** The headings contained in this Plan are for convenience of reference only and do not affect the meaning or interpretation of this Plan.

**8.05: Corporate governance.** [If the Debtor is a corporation, include provisions required by § 1123(a)(6) of the Code.]

**8.06: Retention of Jurisdiction.** The court confirming the Plan may exercise jurisdiction to the full extent necessary to administer this case after Plan confirmation and to adjudicate any related adversary proceedings or contested matters, including those relating to the Plan, such as concerning the Plan’s construction, implementation, or modification. Neither this provision nor anything in this Plan constitutes a limitation on or an expansion of the jurisdiction authorized by title 28 of the United States Code.

**Article 9: Discharge**

*[Include the appropriate provision in the Plan]*

**[No Discharge – Section 1141(d)(3) IS applicable.]**

In accordance with § 1141(d)(3) of the Code, the Debtor will not receive any discharge of debt in this bankruptcy case.

**[Discharge – Section 1141(d)(3) IS NOT applicable: select appropriate alternative below and delete the others]**

**[Alternative 1: Subchapter V Debtor is an individual]**

If the Debtor’s Plan is confirmed under § 1191(a), on the effective date of the Plan, the Debtor will be discharged from any debt that arose before confirmation of this Plan, to the extent specified in § 1141(d)(1)(A) of the Code. The Debtor will not be discharged from any debt:

1. imposed by this Plan; or
2. excepted from discharge under § 523(a) of the Code, except as provided in Rule 4007(c) of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

If the Debtor’s Plan is confirmed under § 1191(b), confirmation of the Plan does not discharge any debt provided for in this Plan until the court grants a discharge on completion of all payments due within the first 3 years of this Plan, or as otherwise provided in § 1192 of the Code. The Debtor will not be discharged from any debt:

1. on which the last payment is due after the first 3 years of the plan, or as otherwise provided in § 1192;

or

1. excepted from discharge under § 523(a) of the Code, except as provided in Rule 4007(c) of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

**[Alternative 2: Subchapter V Debtor is a partnership]**

If the Debtor’s Plan is confirmed under § 1191(a), on the effective date of the Plan, the Debtor will be discharged from any debt that arose before confirmation of this Plan, to the extent specified in § 1141(d)(1)(A) of the Code. The Debtor will not be discharged from any debt imposed by this Plan.

If the Debtor’s Plan is confirmed under § 1191(b), confirmation of the Plan does not discharge any debt provided for in this Plan until the court grants a discharge on completion of all payments due within the first 3 years of this Plan, or as otherwise provided in § 1192 of the Code. The Debtor will not be discharged from any debt:

1. on which the last payment is due after the first 3 years of the plan, or as otherwise provided in § 1192;

or

1. excepted from discharge under § 523(a) of the Code, except as provided in Rule 4007(c) of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

**[Alternative 3: Subchapter V Debtor is a corporation]**

If the Debtor’s Plan is confirmed under § 1191(a), on the effective date of the Plan, the Debtor will be discharged from any debt that arose before confirmation of this Plan, to the extent specified in § 1141(d)(1)(A) of the Code, except that the Debtor will not be discharged of any debt:

1. imposed by this Plan; or
2. to the extent provided in § 1141(d)(6).

If the Debtor’s Plan is confirmed under § 1191(b), confirmation of this Plan does not discharge any debt provided for in this Plan until the court grants a discharge on completion of all payments due within the first 3 years of this Plan, or as otherwise provided in § 1192 of the Code. The Debtor will not be discharged from any debt:

1. on which the last payment is due after the first 3 years of the plan, or as otherwise provided in § 1192;

or

1. excepted from discharge under § 523(a) of the Code, except as provided in Rule 4007(c) of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

**Article 10: Other Provisions**

[Insert other provisions, as applicable.]

Respectfully submitted,

s/

[Signature of the Attorney for the

Debtor or of the Debtor, if unrepresented]

Counsel for the Debtor